

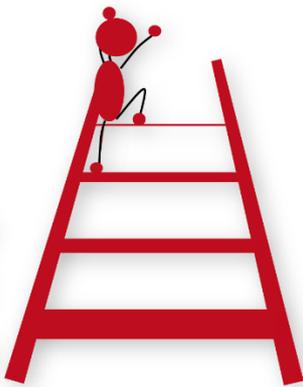
## **DREAMS Final Integration**

*DREAMS partners recently integrated the DREAMS technologies into different physical platforms with different processor architectures, e.g., ZYNQ evaluation board (ARMv7), Freescale T4240 (PowerPC), Galileo platform (x86) and Juno platform (ARMv8). The outcomes of this integration are three domain-specific platforms that are used by avionic, wind power and healthcare demonstrators.*



*For more details, keep reading this newsletter ...*

# DREAMS

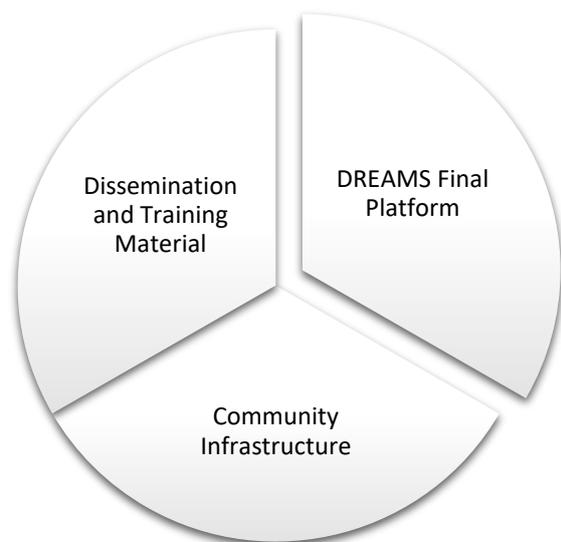


The objective of DREAMS is to develop a cross-domain architecture and design tools for networked complex systems, where application subsystems of different criticality execute and interact on networked multi-core chips. DREAMS delivers architectural concepts, meta-models, virtualization technologies, model-driven development methods, tools, adaptation strategies and validation, verification and certification methods for the seamless integration of mixed-criticality to establish security, safety, real-time performance as well as data, energy and system integrity.

At the end of the third year of this four-year European project, DREAMS partners integrated novel features for temporal and spatial partitioning of communication and computational resources, for resource management and for resource efficiency as well as security.

The DREAMS final platform in conjunction with the completion of major dissemination and training and the availability of the DREAMS community infrastructure addresses the seventh milestone of the project that is known as “Final DREAMS platform deployed and exploitation plan”.

The DREAMS final platform encompasses meta-models, chip-level and cluster-level technologies, development, certification and validation methods, which are integrated. In this newsletter we learn about the technologies such as, hardware platforms, software layers and tools that enable the development of safe applications with the advantages offered by the technologies.



**Figure 1 Dimensions of the Final DREAMS Platform Deployed and Exploitation Plan**

## DREAMS Integration Targets

Taking into account the requirements of the DREAMS use cases as well as the different types of desired platforms, the following integration targets were identified (see Figure 2): the physical platform, the virtual platform, the safety concept and the modelling tools.

The **final physical platform** is composed of both domain independent and domain specific platforms. The DREAMS Harmonized Platform (DHP), a “Xilinx All Programmable System-on-Chip” development board (ZC706 ZYNQ-7000 evaluation board<sup>1</sup>) has been identified as the domain-independent physical platform and gathers the technologies developed by the DREAMS technological partners.

In addition, based on the requirements of the use cases, different hardware platforms have been identified to be used in conjunction with the DHP for domain-specific applications (see Figure 3)Figure 2.

In the Avionic use case, two instances of the Freescale T4240 PowerPC platform<sup>2</sup> in conjunction with the DHP are used to demonstrate the functionality of the flight management system.

The system in the wind power use case is demonstrated in the GALILEO<sup>3</sup> platform, which is based on an x86 dual core processor. This platform requires several inputs and outputs that are connected through an EtherCAT fieldbus. GALILEO is a real-time platform used for the supervision and control system and it may also support other real-time applications such as wind farm control.

In the healthcare use case, the ARM JUNO platform<sup>4</sup> with the latest generation of ARM processors, is employed. JUNO shall allow the integration of several DREAMS contributions while using the last generation of processors in a realistic demonstrator.

The **virtual platform** addresses a simulation framework that allows to gain insights into design alternatives and design faults at early development stages, thus decreasing development time and cost. This framework includes the cluster level, the chip level and the hypervisor level, which are implemented based on the descriptions provided in D5.2.1<sup>5</sup>.The virtual platform is composed of two configurable simulation environments, OPNET<sup>6</sup>-Gem5 and OVPSim-Gem5.

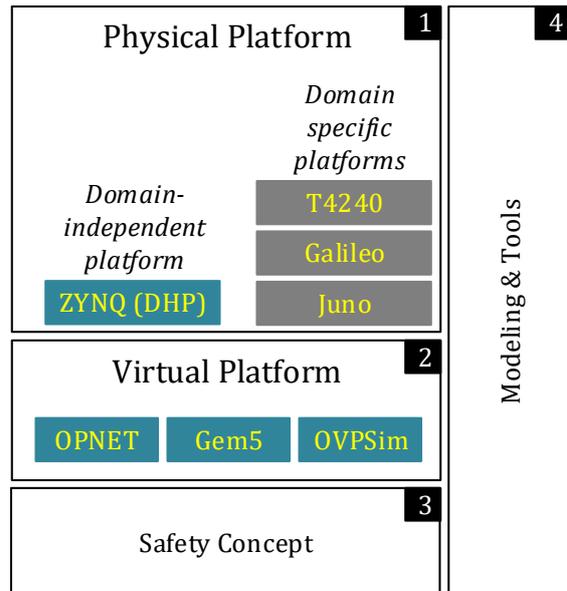


Figure 2 DREAMS Integration Targets

<sup>1</sup> <https://www.xilinx.com/products/boards-and-kits/ek-z7-zc706-g.html>

<sup>2</sup> <http://www.nxp.com/products/microcontrollers-and-processors/power-architecture-processors/qoriq-processors-power-architecture-t-series/qoriq-t4240-development-system:T4240QDS>

<sup>3</sup> <http://www.ikerlan.es/en/rd-companies/projects/galileo-v4-supervision-and-control-system>

<sup>4</sup> <http://www.arm.com/products/tools/development-boards/versatile-express/juno-arm-development-platform.php>

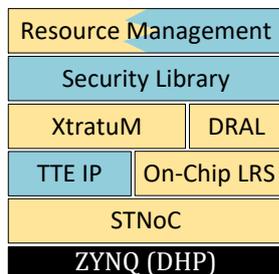
<sup>5</sup> DREAMS D5.2.1- Specification of simulation framework (<http://dreams-project.eu>)

<sup>6</sup> <http://www.opnet.com/>

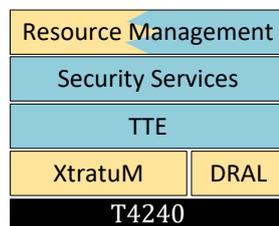
The **model-based development process** for mixed-criticality systems is defined as a chain that transforms the input models into the final artefacts to be deployed at the target platform. It provides a methodology and tools prototypes for mapping mixed-criticality applications to heterogeneous networked platforms including algorithms for scheduling and allocation, analysis of timing, energy and reliability.

The DREAMS **certification methods** pave the way towards the competitive development and certification of mixed-criticality embedded computing platforms, providing solutions to manage complexity, increase re-usability and reduce the engineering and certification time and cost. For this purpose, modular safety cases (MSC) and cross-domain mixed-criticality patterns are defined and implemented, which guide and support engineers towards solutions that solve commonly occurring problems in the development of mixed-criticality products. In addition, the work done defines how the DREAMS toolset can be integrated in an industrial safety engineering process and the implications of certifying variable product families.

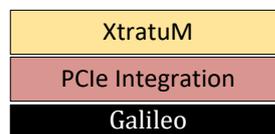
*All demonstrators*



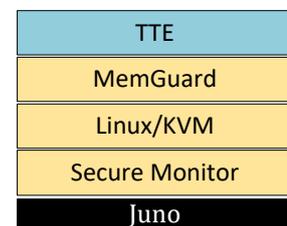
*Avionic*



*Wind power*



*Healthcare*



**Figure 3 Assorted physical platforms are chosen to address different requirements of the demonstrator partners, the ZYNQ Evaluation board (ARMv7) which is used for the DREAMS Harmonized Platform (DHP), the Freescale T4240 (PowerPC) for avionics, the Galileo platform (x86) for wind power and the Juno platform (ARMv8) for the health care demonstrator.**

Stay tuned

DREAMS' webpage: <http://dreams-project.eu>

